ARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CR P ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CR P ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT ARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CR P ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CR P ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES ACT | CRRSA ACT | ARP ACT | CARES

FEDERAL EMERGENCY AID FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION

Funding Amounts, Uses, and Requirements





Prepared by NEA for NEA New Hampshire

March 23, 2021



What are the three main federal emergency aid laws providing funding for public education?

A:

CARES Act | CRRSA Act | ARP Act

Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) | Signed into law March 27, 2020
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021 (CRRSA Act) | Signed into law December 27, 2020
American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP Act) | Signed into law March 11, 2021

What is the main source of funding for public elementary and secondary education under each law?

A:

ESSER Fund | ESSER II Fund | ARP ESSER

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund | CARES Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund | CRRSA Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund | ARP Act

Are there any other funding sources for public elementary and secondary education under the three federal laws?

A:

GEER Fund | GEER II Fund | SEA Reserve under all three ESSER Funds

Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER Fund) | CARES Act Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER II Fund) | CRRSA Act SEA funds not allocated by formula to LEAs under all three ESSER Funds

Unlike the ESSER Fund, the GEER Fund may be used for emergency grants to local educational agencies (LEAs,) institutions of higher education, or any other education-related entity as designated by the Governor.

For the portion of ESSER funds retained by the state educational agency (SEA), or the "SEA Reserve," and not allocated to LEAs as required under each law, the SEA may use the funds to provide grants to LEAs to meet emergency needs as determined by the SEA to address issues responding to the coronavirus.

ESSER Fund | ESSER II Fund | ARP ESSER

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund | CARES Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund | CRRSA Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund | ARP Act

Allocations to States

Based on the proportion that each state received under Title I, Part A in the most recent fiscal year.

All three federal laws require the U.S. Department of Education to allocate the ESSER Fund based on the proportion that each State received under Title I, Part A in the most recent fiscal year. Under the CARES Act, the Department used the fiscal year 2019 State shares of Title I, Part A allocations. Under CRRSA Act and ARP Act, the Department used the fiscal year 2020 State shares of Title I, Part A allocations. Also, in all instances, the allocations were made without the application of the hold harmless provisions in ESEA section 1122, as required by law.

Allocations to LEAs

SEAs must use at least 90 percent of their ESSER Fund grant award to make subgrants to LEAs in proportion to the amount of funds that each LEA received under Title I, Part A in the most recent fiscal year.

All three federal laws require an SEA to allocate by formula no less than 90 percent of its grant award as subgrants to LEAs based on their proportion of the amount of funds that each LEA received under Title I, Part A in the most recent fiscal year. Under the CARES Act, the most recent fiscal year was 2019. Under the CRRSA Act and the ARP Act, the most recent fiscal year was 2020.

Although an LEA receives ESSER formula funds via the Title I, Part A formula, ESSER formula funds are not Title I, Part A funds and are not subject to Title I, Part A requirements. All three laws authorize a broad array of potential uses of ESSER formula funds.

LEA Eligibility under the **ESSER** Funds

Under the CARES Act, if an LEA did not receive an FY 2019 Title I, Part A subgrant for school year 2019-2020, or under the CRRSA Act and the ARP Act, if an LEA did not receive an FY 2020 Title I, Part A subgrant for school year 2020-2021, the LEA is not eligible to receive a formula subgrant under the ESSER Fund. Instead, an LEA that is not eligible for a formula subgrant under the ESSER Fund may receive ESSER funds from an SEA's Reserve as determined by the SEA.



Federal Emergency Aid for Public Education: Funding Amounts | New Hampshire

ESSER Fund | ESSER II Fund | ARP ESSER

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund | CARES Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund | CRRSA Act Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund | ARP Act



Period of Availability

through 09/30/2021 | 09/30/2022 | 09/30/2023 | 09/30/2024 |

ESSER Fund | CARES Act

\$37,641,372

includes the Tydings period

ESSER II Fund | CRRSA Act

\$156,065,807

includes the Tydings period

ARP ESSER Fund | ARP Act

\$350,501,633

includes the Tydings period

The period of availability represents the length of time that ESSER funds are available for obligation by SEAs and LEAs and other education-related entities. ESSER funds are "obligated" when the SEA or LEA commits those funds to specific purposes (consistent with 34 C.F.R. § 76.707). For example, under the CARES Act, ESSER funds are available for obligation by LEAs through September 30, 2022, which includes the Tydings period (General Education Provisions Act §421(b)(1)). In general, under the Tydings provision, any funds not obligated and expended during the period for which they were awarded become carryover funds and may be obligated and expended during the succeeding fiscal year.

Also, it's important to understand the difference between "awarding" funds and "obligating" funds. An SEA awards funds when it makes a subgrant to an LEA, or, in the case of the SEA Reserve, when it enters into a subgrant or contract with a subrecipient. If an SEA awards a contract from the SEA reserve, that is an obligation. In contrast, subgranting funds to an LEA or other subrecipient is not an obligation; rather, these funds are not obligated until the LEA or other subrecipient commits the funds to specific purposes.

	Minimum Distribution to LEAs (90%)	Maximum SEA Reservation (10%)
ESSER Fund CARES Act	\$33,877,235	\$3,764,137
ESSER II Fund CRRSA Act	\$140,459,226	\$15,606,581
ARP ESSER Fund ARP Act	\$315,451,470	\$35,050,163
Total, New Hampshire	\$489,787,931	\$54,420,881

SEAs must allocate at least 90% of their grant awards to LEAs. SEAs may reserve up to 10% of their total grant amount, which may be used for grants to LEAs to address specific needs as determined by the SEA.





Summary of Fund Uses under ESSER Fund, ESSER II Fund, & ARP ESSER

All allowable fund uses added to subsequent federal emergency aid laws are also allowable under the preceding laws. For example, ESSER funds under the CARES Act may be used for the same allowable purposes as ESSER II and ARP ESSER.

DISRUPTED LEARNING
SUMMER SCHOOL & AFTERSHOOL PROGRAMS
UNIQUE NEEDS OF STUDENTS
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES & SUPPORTS
ACTIVITIES UNDER ESEA, IDEA, CTEA, & AEFLA
PURCHASING EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY
LONG-TERM CLOSURES
PREPAREDNESS & RESPONSE
COORDINATION WITH PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS
PUBLIC HEALTH PROTOCOLS
SANITATION SUPPLIES & PPE
STAFF TRAINING ON SANITATION & PREVENTION
INDOOR AIR QUALITY IN SCHOOL FACILITIES
SCHOOL FACILITY REPAIRS & IMPROVEMENTS
OTHER ACTIVITIES AS NEEDED